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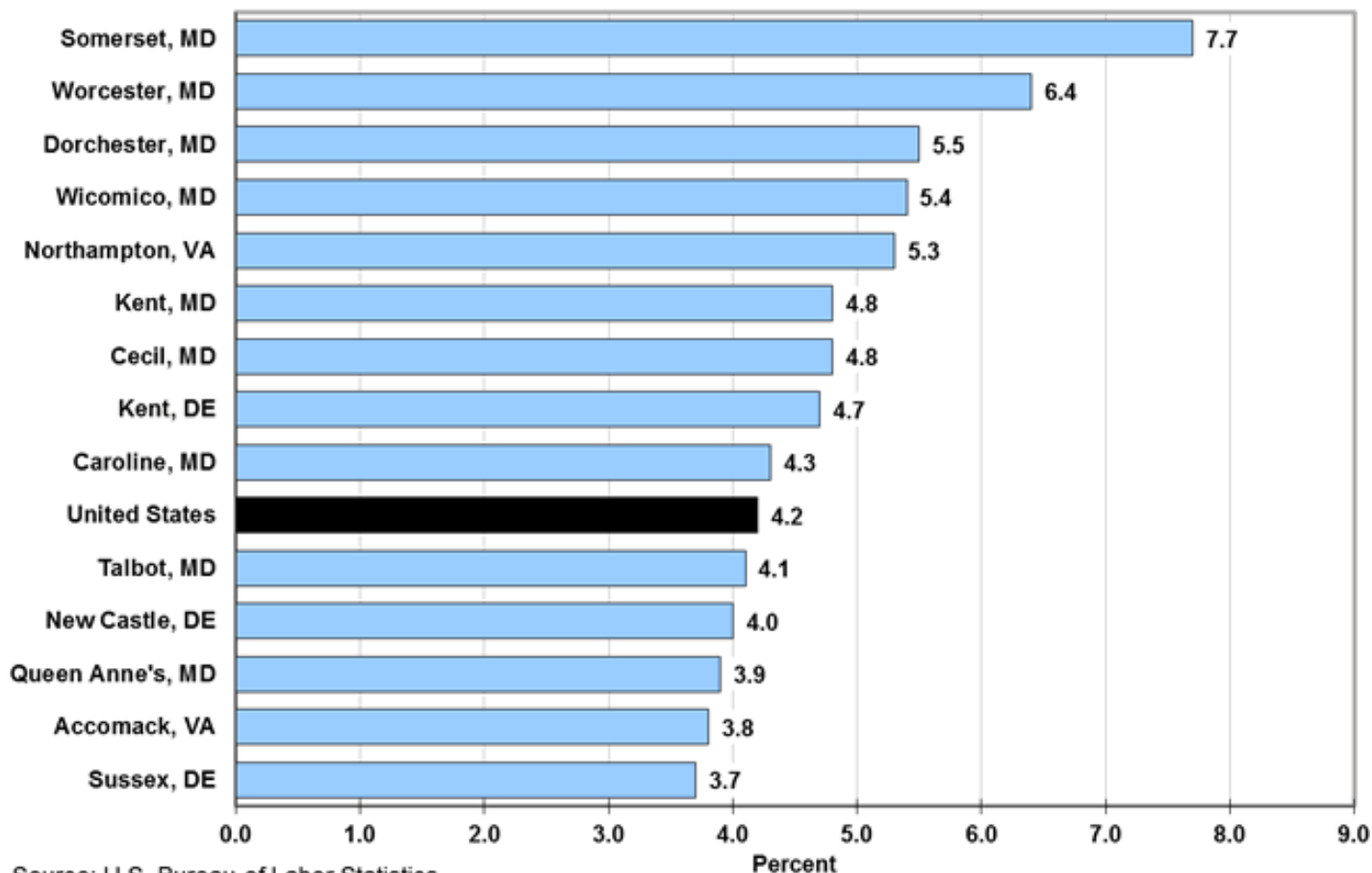
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## Unemployment on the Delmarva Peninsula by County – June 2018

### Unemployment Rates in Five Counties Declined Over the Year



















In June, Somerset County, MD, had the highest unemployment rate on the Delmarva Peninsula at 7.7 percent, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that 9 of the 14 Delmarva Peninsula counties had jobless rates higher than the 4.2-percent U.S. average. Among the five counties with rates below the national average, Sussex, DE, had the lowest rate at 3.7 percent. (See [chart 1](#) and [chart 2](#). All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

**Chart 1. Unemployment rates for the United States and counties on the Delmarva Peninsula, June 2018, not seasonally adjusted**



Five of the 14 counties on the Delmarva Peninsula had unemployment rate decreases from June 2017 to June 2018. (See [table A.](#)) All three Delaware counties had over-the-year decreases that exceeded the national decline of 0.3 percentage point, with the largest decrease in New Castle County, DE, at 1.0 point. Of the seven local counties with unemployment rate increases, Somerset, MD, had the largest increase at 1.4 percentage points. Queen Anne's County, MD, and Talbot County, MD, had jobless rates that were unchanged over the year.

**Table A. Unemployment rates for the United States, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and counties on the Delmarva Peninsula, not seasonally adjusted**

Area	Back data	Unemployment rates			Change from	
		Jun 2016	Jun 2017	Jun 2018(1)	Jun 2016 to Jun 2018(1)	Jun 2017 to Jun 2018(1)
United States.....		5.1	4.5	4.2	-0.9	-0.3
Delaware.....		4.8	4.9	4.1	-0.7	-0.8
Kent.....		5.5	5.6	4.7	-0.8	-0.9
New Castle.....		4.9	5.0	4.0	-0.9	-1.0
Sussex.....		4.2	4.2	3.7	-0.5	-0.5
Maryland.....		4.6	4.3	4.5	-0.1	0.2
Caroline.....		4.6	4.2	4.3	-0.3	0.1
Cecil.....		5.4	4.9	4.8	-0.6	-0.1
Dorchester.....		5.7	5.4	5.5	-0.2	0.1
Kent.....		4.5	4.4	4.8	0.3	0.4
Queen Anne's.....		4.0	3.9	3.9	-0.1	0.0
Somerset.....		6.8	6.3	7.7	0.9	1.4
Talbot.....		4.1	4.1	4.1	0.0	0.0
Wicomico.....		5.8	5.0	5.4	-0.4	0.4
Worcester.....		6.5	5.8	6.4	-0.1	0.6
Virginia.....		4.3	3.9	3.3	-1.0	-0.6
Accomack.....		4.6	4.3	3.8	-0.8	-0.5
Northampton.....		5.4	5.0	5.3	-0.1	0.3

**Footnotes**

(1) Data for Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and counties on the Delmarva Peninsula are preliminary for the most recent month.

Jobless rates in 11 Delmarva Peninsula counties in June 2018 were lower than in June 2016. New Castle County, DE, had the largest two-year jobless rate decrease and matched the national decline of 0.9 percentage point. Two counties had jobless rate increases from June 2016 to June 2018: Somerset, MD (0.9 percentage point) and Kent, MD (0.3 point). The jobless rate in Talbot County, MD, was unchanged during the two-year period.

**The Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment news release for July is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, August 29, 2018, at 10:00 a.m. (EDT).**

**Technical Note**

This release presents unemployment rate data for states and counties from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, a federal-state cooperative endeavor.

*Definitions.* The labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employment and unemployment on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. Employed persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (the week including the 12<sup>th</sup> of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. Unemployed persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on layoff expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The labor force is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

*Methods of Estimation.* The LAUS program is a hierarchy of non-survey methodologies for indirectly estimating employment and unemployment in states and local areas. Statewide data are produced through a modeling technique that uses estimates of payroll jobs from the Current Employment Statistics survey and unemployment insurance claims counts from the state workforce agencies to mitigate volatility in the direct CPS tabulations of employment and unemployment, respectively. Data for counties are developed through a building-block approach and adjusted proportionally to state model-based totals. For multi-county areas, such as the metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions delineated by the Office of Management and Budget, estimates are summed from the data for their component counties. Estimates for cities and towns are produced through a disaggregation technique. A detailed description of the LAUS estimation procedures is available in chapter 4 of the BLS Handbook of Methods at [www.bls.gov/opub/hom/lau/pdf/lau.pdf](http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/lau/pdf/lau.pdf).

*Annual revisions.* Labor force and unemployment data for prior years reflect adjustments made at the end of each year, usually implemented with January estimates. The adjusted estimates reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in the other data sources, and model reestimation. All substate estimates are reestimated and adjusted to add to the revised model-based estimates.

The **Delmarva Peninsula**, located on the east coast of the United States, comprises Delaware and portions of Maryland and Virginia. The Delmarva Peninsula includes Kent, New Castle, and Sussex Counties in Delaware; Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester Counties in Maryland; and Accomack and Northampton Counties in Virginia.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Chart 2. Unemployment rates for counties on the Delmarva Peninsula, not seasonally adjusted, June 2018

